



Building Distributed systems with LabVIEW and ØMQ.

How to build a distributed system without a large team.

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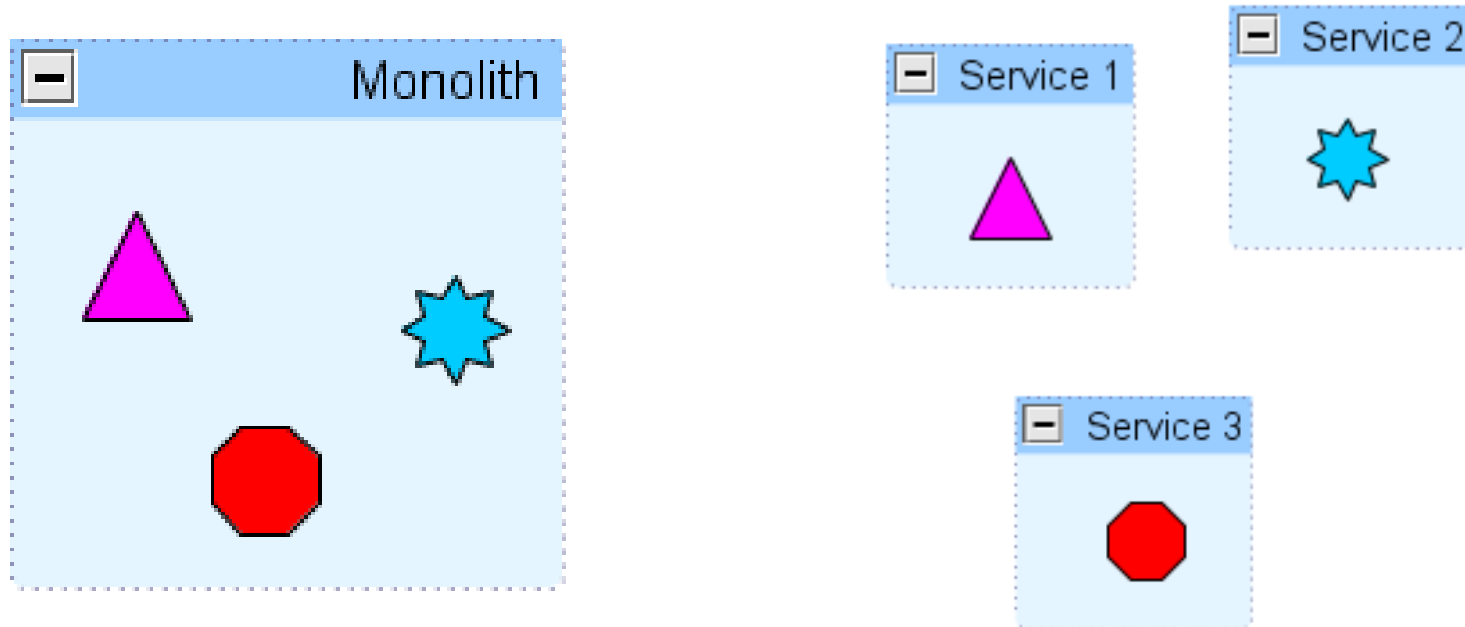
Presentation overview

- Microservices – how distributed cloud systems are built
- What is ØMQ and where is it available to use
- Demo of connecting Current Gen and NXG with ØMQ
- How ØMQ can be used in the kind of systems we build with LabVIEW
- Stable vs Unstable networks
- Wrap up followed by Q&A

Aspects of distributed systems

- Componentization via Services
- Segregation oriented to Business Capabilities rather than Technology
- Decentralized governance
- Decentralized data management
- Design for failure
- Smart endpoints and dumb pipes

Componentization via Services



Organizing vs capabilities



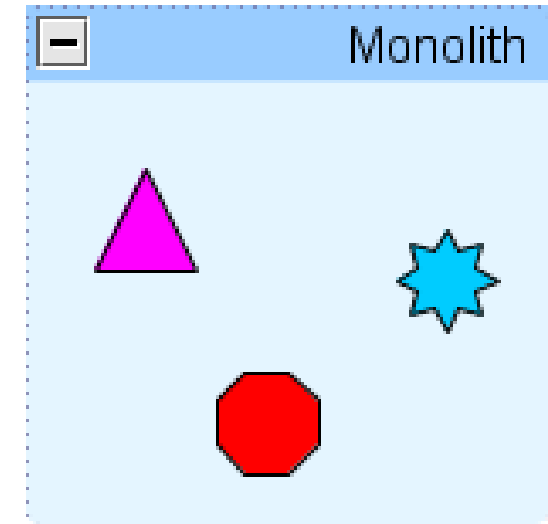
User Interface



Business
Logic

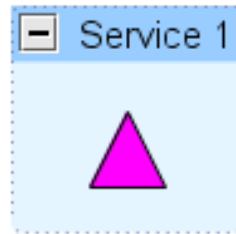


Database



Organizing vs Business Capabilities

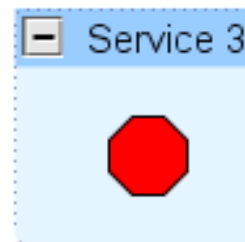
Orders



Catalog



Shipping



Building for failure

- Randomly shuts down your services and VM's in your deployment structure
- <https://github.com/Netflix/chaosmonkey>



The ESB : The smart pipe.



SMART ENDPOINTS DUMB PIPES:

What is zero ØMQ?

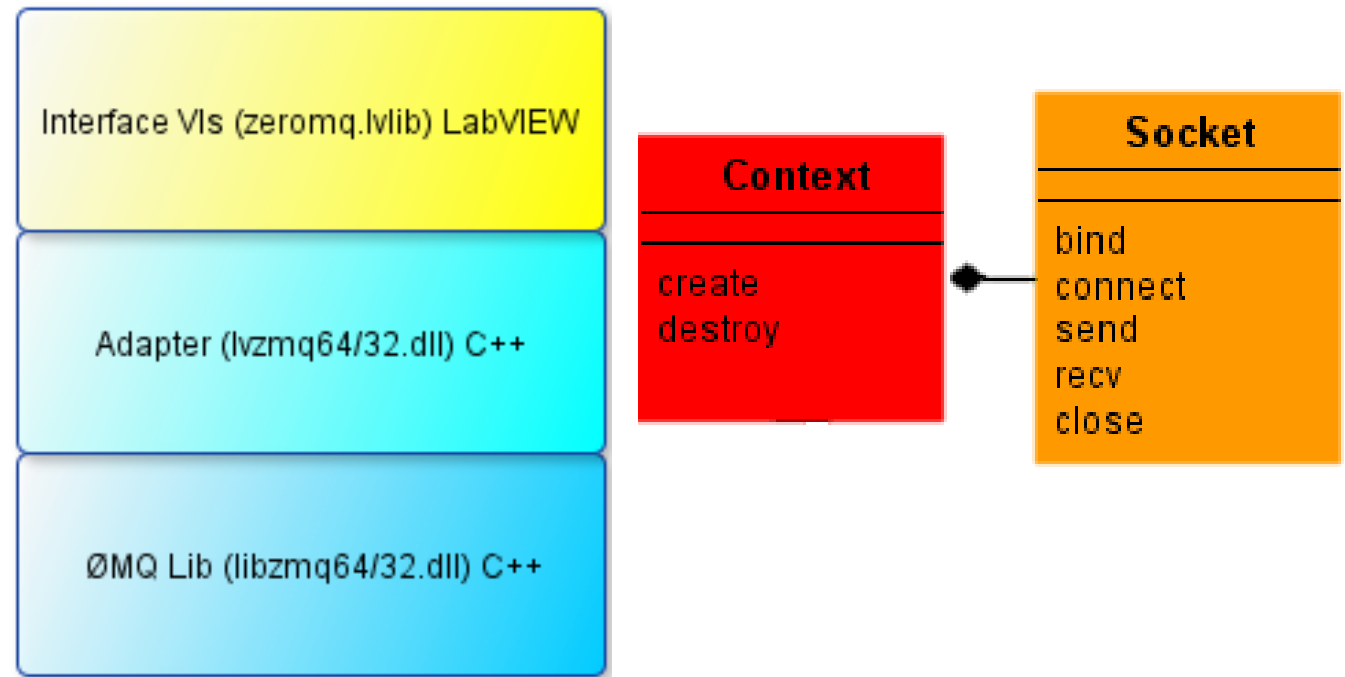
- It's not another message queue.
- ØMQ – not a daemon not a server. It is a library.
- It does not bring any additional dependencies with it.
- It is a very lightweight socket system.
- It was built for financial markets, to handle a high volume of messages.

ØMQ AVAILIBLITY

- Language bindings which use the C++ implementation are available for C#, JAVA, C , LabVIEW , Python , F#, Lua, PHP and many ... many more <http://zeromq.org/bindings: start>
- Java and C# stack supported as direct implementations.
- Supported operating systems include :
 - Windows
 - Unix / Linux
 - iOS, Android
 - WxWorks

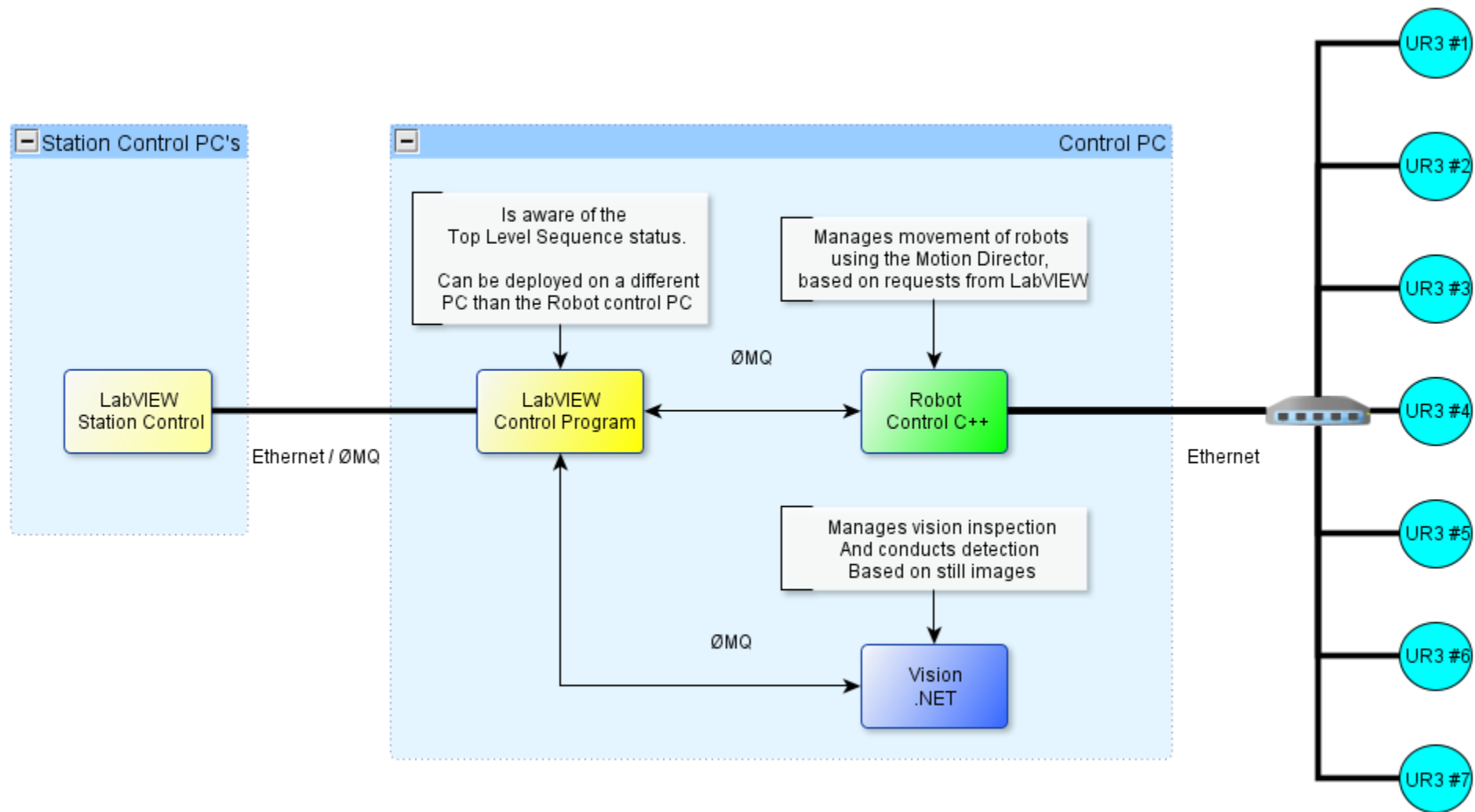
ØMQ binding for current gen

- Three layers of libraries
- Prominent Classes
 - Context
 - Thread safe
 - Manages I/O threads
 - Socket
 - Manages a single endpoints
 - Not thread safe

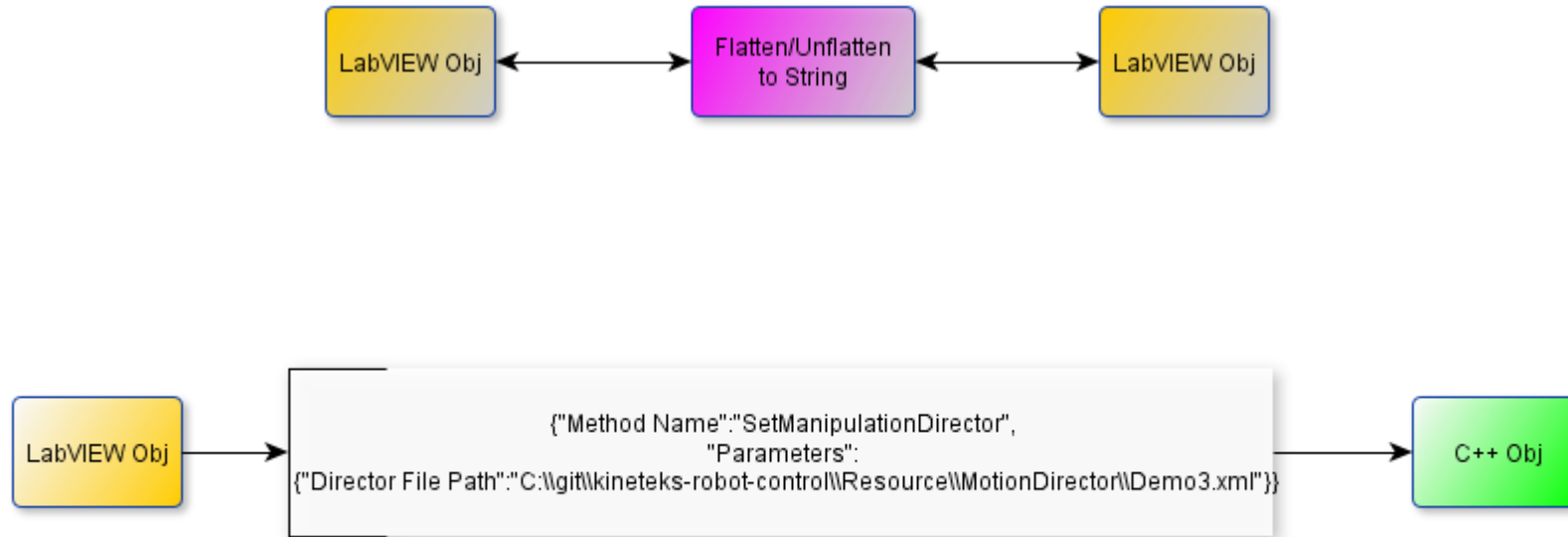


Examples : connecting current gen and NXG using ØMQ

- Example of connecting LabVIEW current GEN and NXG through ØMQ and the use of REQ / REP pattern
- Overview of the example code, and brief discussion about the process of porting a portion of the Zero MQ binding from current gen to next gen.

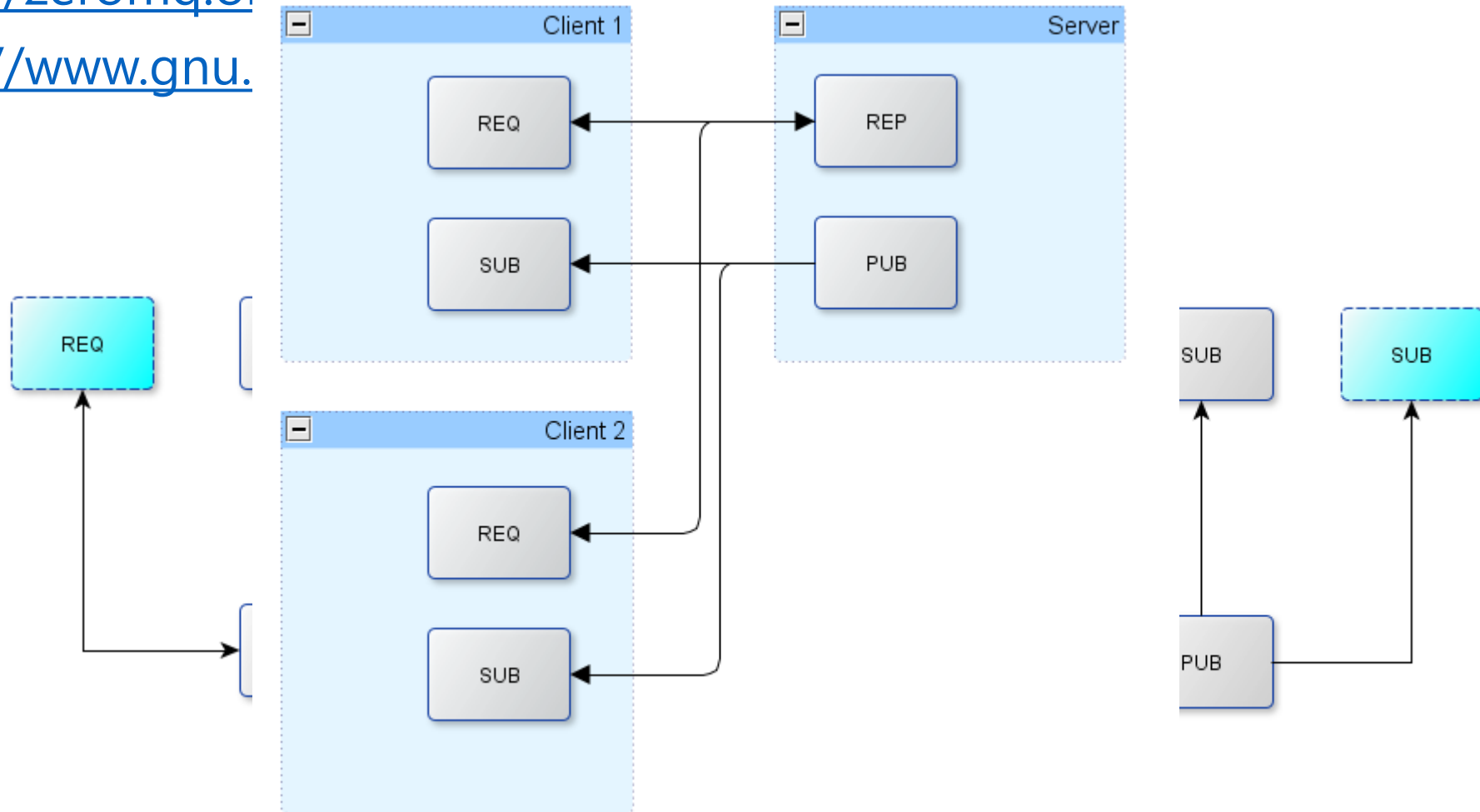


Messages ØMQ

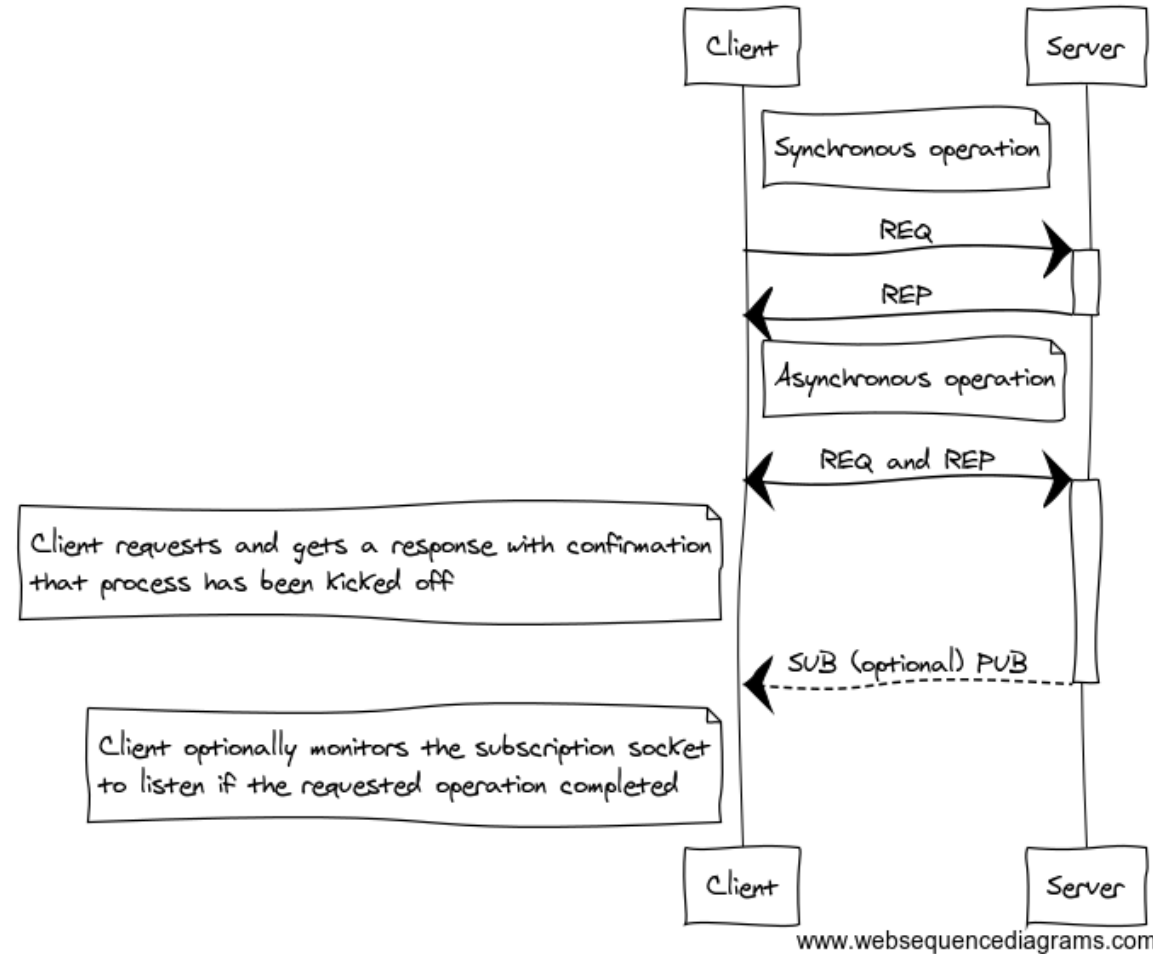


Zero MQ Communication scheme

- <http://zeromq.org>
- <http://www.gnu.>



Synchronous vs Asynchronous operation



PUB : socket enveloping

Frame 1

Key

Message envelope

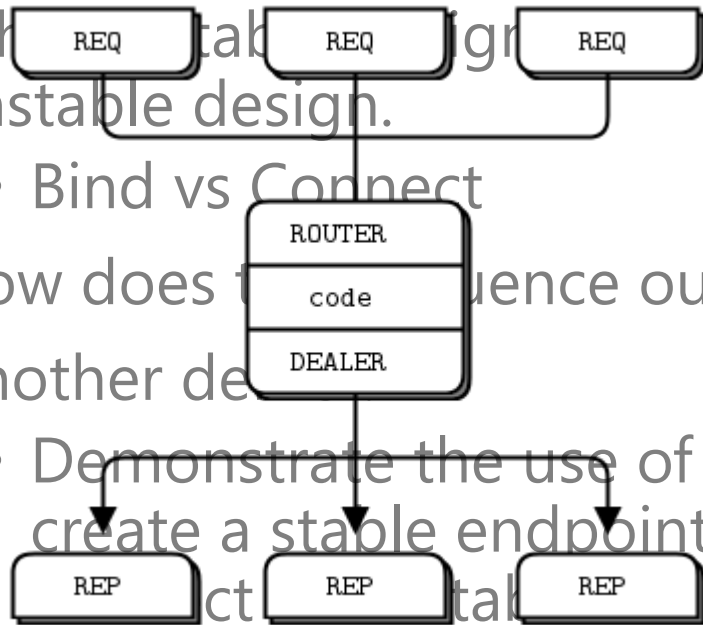
Frame 2

Data

Actual message body

STABLE vs UNSTABLE Design

- What is an unstable design?
 - Bind vs Connect
- How does the sequence of our design affect stability?
- Another design approach
 - Demonstrate the use of Proxy to create a stable endpoint and multiple endpoints.



Node Presence / Discovery

- Video demo of an unstable network. Go to <http://labviewcraft.com> to watch.

ØMQ Types of transport

```
req.bind('tcp://127.0.0.1:80')  
req.bind('inproc://some.pipe')  
req.bind('ipc://another.pipe')
```



Zero MQ Termination

- It's not straightforward at the beginning.
- <http://zeromq.org/whitepapers:0mq-termination>

Questions

- Thank you!
- Email maciej.kolosko@composedsystems.com
- Web <https://composed.io>
- See Examples / Demo Videos <http://labviewcraft.com> upload coming soon!

